

36.—Summary Statistics of the Warehousing Industry, 1955-58

Item		1955	1956	1957	1958
Companies reporting.....	No.	195	227	234	213
Investment in land, warehouses, etc.....	\$	54,275,888	62,720,201	67,205,471	63,958,833
Warehousing Facilities—					
Dry storage (net).....	cu. ft.	67,564,183	79,948,180	82,025,294	75,295,788
Refrigerated storage.....	"	22,801,933	28,324,864	28,397,711	30,960,505
Revenue—					
Storage.....	\$	13,423,170	15,758,690	16,800,663	16,064,998
Cartage and moving.....	\$	15,470,320	18,973,054	20,927,270	13,051,872
Miscellaneous.....	\$	11,158,406	14,137,787	15,487,075	11,359,192
Total Revenue.....	\$	40,051,896	48,869,531	53,215,008	40,476,062
Operating expenses.....	\$	36,013,753	43,799,167	48,462,389	36,624,592
Net Operating Revenue.....	\$	4,038,143	5,070,364	4,752,619	3,851,470
Salaried employees.....	No.	1,672	1,885	1,890	1,516
Wage-Earners—					
Regular.....	No.	5,830	6,294	5,411	3,942
Casual.....	"	880	1,112	1,212	1,104
Salaries and wages paid.....	\$	18,804,462	22,466,569	25,002,080	18,813,722
Motor Vehicles—					
Trucks.....	No.	1,595	1,850	1,922	1,428
Tractors.....	"	432	633	557	329
Semi-trailers.....	"	474	654	573	327
Trailers.....	"	92	77	117	100

Customs Warehouses.—Warehouses for the storage of in-bond goods are known as customs warehouses and are divided into three categories. (1) Those occupied by the Federal Government, some of which are used for examination and appraisal of imported goods and others, known as Queen's warehouses, used for the storage of unclaimed, abandoned, seized or forfeited goods. (2) Bonded warehouses operated and owned by a person other than the Crown and used for the storage and safekeeping of imported goods after entry and conforming to one of the following: (a) an entire building or part of a building completely separated from the remainder of the building by adequate partitions or walls and devoted to the safekeeping of imported goods consigned or sold to the warehouse keeper or other persons; (b) a yard, shed or other suitable enclosure or area devoted to the safekeeping of imported goods too large or too heavy for lodging in a Class 2(a) warehouse; and (c) a farm, yard or other suitable enclosure devoted to the safekeeping of horses, sheep and cattle for feeding and pasturage. (3) Sufferance warehouses for the landing, storage, safekeeping, transfer, examination, delivery and forwarding of imported goods before entry and conforming to one of the following: (a) a warehouse operated or provided by railway, express, airline and shipping companies; (b) warehouses for in-bond goods arriving by commercial motor vehicle; and (c) all sufferance warehouses not described under (a) or (b).

Subsection 5.—Bonded Warehousing and Storage of Wines

Bonded Warehousing.—The Excise Duty Branch of the Department of National Revenue considers any premises licensed under the Excise Act to be a warehouse, whether for storage of raw materials to produce finished tobacco or cigar products or for spirits